

**A- Special Functions****(1) Find the following**

(1)  $\Gamma(3) + \Gamma(4)$

(2)  $\Gamma(5).\Gamma(3)$

(3)  $\Gamma(0.5).\Gamma(1.5)$

(4)  $\Gamma(0.5).\Gamma(-0.5)$

(5)  $\Gamma(1.5).\Gamma(-0.5)$

(6)  $B(1, 3) + B(3, 2)$

(7)  $\Gamma(-0.5).B(2, 0.5)$

(8)  $\Gamma(5) + B(3, 4)$

(9)  $B(\Gamma(2), \Gamma(3))$

(10)  $B\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{7}{4}\right) + B\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{5}{3}\right)$

(11)  $\frac{\Gamma(3.5)}{B(3,4)} + B\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{5}{3}\right)$

(12)  $\frac{\Gamma(2.5)}{B(4,2)} . B\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{7}{4}\right)$

**(2) Find the following integrals**

(i)  $\int_0^{\infty} e^{-x^4} dx$

(ii)  $\int_0^{\infty} x e^{-x^3} dx$

(iii)  $\int_0^1 x^3 (-\ln x)^4 dx$

(iv)  $\int_0^{\infty} x^5 e^{-2x^2} dx$

(v)  $\int_2^{\infty} e^{4x-x^2} dx$

(vi)  $\int_3^{\infty} e^{-x^2+6x} dx$

(vii)  $\int_0^1 \sqrt[3]{1-x^3} dx$

(viii)  $\int_0^3 x \sqrt[3]{27-x^3} dx$

(ix)  $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sec x \sqrt{\cot x} dx$

(x)  $\int_3^4 (x-3)^4 \sqrt{4-x} dx$

(xi)  $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin x \sqrt{\tan x} dx$

(xii)  $\int_0^2 x \sqrt[4]{16-x^4} dx$

**B- Laplace Transformations****(1) Find F(s) of the following functions:**

(1)  $f(t) = 2t^3 - 5t^2 + 3$

(2)  $f(t) = t + (t+2)^2$

(3)  $f(t) = t^3(t+3)^2$

(4)  $f(t) = (t^2+1)^3$

(5)  $f(t) = t\sqrt{t} - 4$

(6)  $f(t) = t^2 + \sqrt[3]{t} + 4$

(7)  $f(t) = 4\sin 3t + 5e^{2t}$

(8)  $f(t) = 2\sinh 4t + \cos 2t$

(9)  $f(t) = (4 - e^{-t})^2$

(10)  $f(t) = (1 - e^t)(2 + e^{-t})$

(11)  $f(t) = e^{t+3}(e^{2t} + 3e^{-t})$

(12)  $f(t) = 4 + 3^{2t}$

(13)  $f(t) = (\sin t - \cos t)^2$

(14)  $f(t) = (3 - 2\sin 2t)^2$

(15)  $f(t) = (1 - \cos 3t)(2 + \cos 3t)$

(16)  $f(t) = \sin 3t \cos 2t$

(17)  $f(t) = \sin 4t \sin 3t$

(18)  $f(t) = \cos 2t \cos 5t$

(19)  $f(t) = \sin^4 t$

(20)  $f(t) = \cos^4 t$

(21)  $f(t) = \sin 2t \cos^2 3t$

(22)  $f(t) = \sin^3 2t$

(23)  $f(t) = \sin(2t + \pi/3)$

(24)  $f(t) = \cosh^2 3t$

(25)  $f(t) = \sinh 2t \cosh 3t$

(26)  $f(t) = \cos t \cdot \sinh 2t$

(27)  $f(t) = t^2 \cosh 3t$

(28)  $f(t) = \sin(t - \pi), t > \pi.$

(29)  $f(t) = t^2 \sin 3t \cdot e^{4t}$

(30)  $f(t) = \frac{e^{-2t} - e^{-3t}}{t}$

(31)  $f(t) = \frac{\sin 2t}{t}$

(32)  $f(t) = \frac{\cos 3t - \cos 2t}{t}$

(33)  $f(t) = \int_0^t \frac{\sin t}{t} dt$

(34)  $f(t) = t \cdot \int_0^t \frac{\sin t}{t} dt$

(35)  $f(t) = \int_0^t \frac{e^{-2t} - e^{3t}}{t} dt$

(36)  $f(t) = e^{2t} \int_0^t \frac{e^{-2t} - e^{3t}}{t} dt$

(37)  $f(t) = \partial_0(t) + \partial_3(t)$

(38)  $f(t) = 2\partial_3(t) - 3\partial_4(t)$

(39)  $f(t) = \partial_0(t) \cos t + t \cdot \partial_3(t)$

(37)  $f(t) = t + \partial_3(t) \cdot e^{2t}$

**(2) Find the inverse Laplace transform of the following:**

$$(1) F(s) = \frac{3}{s} - \frac{1}{s^2 + 1}$$

$$(2) F(s) = \frac{3}{s-2} - \frac{1}{s^2 + 3}$$

$$(3) F(s) = \frac{1}{s-2} - \frac{2s}{s^2 - 9}$$

$$(4) F(s) = \frac{1}{s^4} + \frac{2}{(s+1)^2 + 1}$$

$$(5) F(s) = \frac{s}{s^2 + 2s - 3}$$

$$(6) F(s) = \frac{3}{s^2 - 4s + 3}$$

$$(7) F(s) = \frac{s}{s^2 - 6s + 9}$$

$$(8) F(s) = \frac{s+3}{s^2 - 4s + 4}$$

$$(9) F(s) = \frac{2}{s^2 - 6s + 9}$$

$$(10) F(s) = \frac{3}{s^2 - 4s + 4}$$

$$(11) F(s) = \frac{s}{s^2 + 2s + 10}$$

$$(12) F(s) = \frac{s+1}{s^2 + 6s + 5}$$

$$(13) F(s) = \frac{s-1}{s^2 + 2s + 2}$$

$$(14) F(s) = \frac{2}{s^2 - 2s + 5}$$

$$(15) F(s) = \frac{1}{(2s-3)^3}$$

$$(16) F(s) = \frac{s}{s^2 + 16} e^{-2s}$$

$$(17) F(s) = \ln\left(\frac{s+2}{s+1}\right)$$

$$(18) F(s) = \ln\frac{s^2 + 1}{(s-1)^2}$$

$$(19) F(s) = \tan^{-1}(s+1)$$

$$(20) F(s) = \frac{1}{s} \ln\frac{s+3}{s+5}$$

$$(21) F(s) = \frac{1}{s(s^2 + 1)}$$

$$(22) F(s) = \frac{4}{s^3(s-2)}$$

$$(23) F(s) = 3 + \frac{s^2}{s^2 + 1}$$

$$(24) F(s) = e^{-2s} + \frac{s+2}{s-3}$$

**(3) Solve the following differential equations:**

$$(1) y' - 2y = 0, y(0) = 2$$

$$\text{Ans: } y = 2e^{2t}$$

$$(2) y'' + 4y' - 5y = 0, y(0) = 1, y'(0) = 0$$

$$\text{Ans: } y = (\cosh 3t + \frac{2}{3} \sinh 3t)e^{-2t}$$

$$(3) y'' - 4y = 0, y(0) = -1, y'(0) = 1$$

$$\text{Ans: } y = \frac{1}{2} \sinh 2t - \cosh 2t$$

$$(4) y'' + 5y' + 6y = 0, y(0) = y'(0) = 1$$

$$\text{Ans: } y = 4e^{-2t} - 3e^{-3t}$$

(5)  $y'' + 2y' + 5y = 0, y(0) = y'(0) = 1$

Ans:  $y = (\cos 2t + \sin 2t)e^{-t}$

(6)  $y' + 3y = t + 1, y(0) = 0$

Ans:  $y = -\frac{2}{9}e^{-3t} + \frac{1}{3}t + \frac{2}{9}$

(7)  $y'' + 4y' + 3y = e^{-t}, y(0) = y'(0) = 1$

Ans:  $y = -\frac{3}{4}e^{-3t} + \frac{7}{4}e^{-t} + \frac{1}{2}te^{-t}$

(8)  $y'' - 3y' + 2y = 6e^{2t}, y(0) = y'(0) = 3$

Ans:  $y = 9e^t - 6e^{2t} + 6te^{2t}$

**C- Fourier Series****(1) Find the Fourier series of the following functions:**

(a)  $f(x) = 4 - x^2, \quad -2 \leq x \leq 2, \quad f(x+4) = f(x)$

(b)  $f(x) = x^2, \quad -2 \leq x \leq 2, \quad f(x+4) = f(x)$

(c)  $f(x) = x + 1, \quad -1 \leq x \leq 1, \quad f(x+2) = f(x)$

(d)  $f(x) = x \sin x, \quad -\pi \leq x \leq \pi, \quad f(x+2\pi) = f(x)$

(e)  $f(x) = |x|, \quad -3 \leq x \leq 3, \quad f(x+6) = f(x)$

(f)  $f(x) = |\sin x|, \quad -\pi \leq x \leq \pi, \quad f(x+2\pi) = f(x)$

(g)  $f(x) = |x| - 1, \quad -1 \leq x \leq 1, \quad f(x+2) = f(x)$

(h)  $f(x) = \begin{cases} -1, & -1 \leq x \leq 0 \\ 1, & 0 < x \leq 1 \end{cases} \quad f(x+2) = f(x).$

(i)  $f(x) = \begin{cases} 1+x, & -1 \leq x \leq 0 \\ 1-x, & 0 < x \leq 1 \end{cases} \quad f(x+2) = f(x).$

(j)  $f(x) = \begin{cases} 0, & -2 \leq x \leq 0 \\ x^2, & 0 < x \leq 2 \end{cases} \quad f(x+4) = f(x)$

(k)  $f(x) = \begin{cases} 0, & -2 \leq x \leq 0 \\ 1, & 0 < x \leq 2 \end{cases} \quad f(x+4) = f(x)$

$$(l) f(x) = \begin{cases} -x, & -2 \leq x \leq 0 \\ 0, & 0 < x \leq 2 \end{cases} \quad f(x+4) = f(x)$$

$$(m) f(x) = \begin{cases} -2-x, & -2 \leq x \leq 0 \\ 2-x, & 0 < x \leq 2 \end{cases} \quad f(x+4) = f(x)$$

$$(n) f(x) = \begin{cases} 0, & -\pi \leq x \leq 0 \\ \sin x, & 0 < x \leq \pi \end{cases} \quad f(x+2\pi) = f(x)$$

$$(o) f(x) = \sin^5 x, \quad x \text{ in } [0, 2\pi], \quad f(x+2\pi) = f(x)$$

(2) If  $f(x) = \sin x$ ,  $x$  in  $[0, \pi]$ ,  $f(x+2\pi) = f(x)$

Find: (a) Fourier sine series      (b) Fourier cosine series

(3) If  $f(x) = x+1$ ,  $x$  in  $[0, 1]$ ,  $f(x+2) = f(x)$

Find: (a) Fourier sine series      (b) Fourier cosine series

(4) If  $f(x) = x^2$ ,  $0 \leq x \leq 2$ ,  $f(x+4) = f(x)$

Find: (a) Fourier sine series      (b) Fourier cosine series

$$(5) f(x) = \begin{cases} x, & 0 \leq x \leq 1 \\ 2-x, & 1 < x \leq 2 \end{cases} \quad f(x+4) = f(x)$$

Find: (a) Fourier sine series      (b) Fourier cosine series

(6) Find the Fourier series of the following functions,  $x$  in  $[-\pi, \pi]$ :

$$(a) f(x) = \cos^2 x \quad (b) f(x) = \cos^4 x \quad (c) f(x) = \sin^3 x$$

(7) Using the Fourier series of the function of problem(1.d) to find the sum of the

$$\text{series: } \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{(2n-1)(2n+1)} = \frac{1}{1.3} - \frac{1}{3.5} + \frac{1}{5.7} \dots$$

(8) Using the Fourier series of the function of problem(1.e) to find the sum of the

$$\text{series: } \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2n-1)^2} = 1 + \frac{1}{3^2} + \frac{1}{5^2} + \dots$$

(9) Using the Fourier series of the function of problem(1.k) to find the sum of the

$$\text{series: } \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{(2n-1)} = 1 - \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{5} \dots$$

**(10)** Find the Fourier integrals of the following functions:

$$(a) f(x) = \begin{cases} x-1, & |x| \leq 2 \\ 0, & |x| > 2 \end{cases}$$

$$(b) f(x) = \begin{cases} x, & |x| \leq 3 \\ 0, & |x| > 3 \end{cases}$$

$$(c) f(x) = \begin{cases} |x|, & |x| \leq 4 \\ 0, & |x| > 4 \end{cases}$$

$$(d) f(x) = \begin{cases} \sin x, & |x| \leq \pi \\ 0, & |x| > \pi \end{cases}$$

$$(e) f(x) = \begin{cases} 1-x, & |x| \leq 1 \\ 0, & |x| > 1 \end{cases}$$

$$(f) f(x) = \begin{cases} x+1, & |x| \leq 1 \\ 0, & |x| > 1 \end{cases}$$

$$(g) f(x) = \begin{cases} 2x, & |x| \leq 3 \\ 0, & |x| > 3 \end{cases}$$

$$(h) f(x) = \begin{cases} \cos x, & |x| \leq \pi \\ 0, & |x| > \pi \end{cases}$$

$$(11) \text{ If } f(x) = \begin{cases} x-2, & 0 \leq x \leq 2 \\ 0, & x > 2 \end{cases}$$

Find its: (a) Fourier sine transform      (b) Fourier cosine transform

$$(12) \text{ If } f(x) = \begin{cases} x, & 0 \leq x \leq 3 \\ 0, & x > 3 \end{cases}$$

Find its: (a) Fourier sine transform      (b) Fourier cosine transform

**(13)** Find the Fourier sine and Fourier cosine transform of the function:

$f(x) = e^{-x}, x \geq 0$ . Then show that:

$$(a) \int_0^{\infty} \frac{x \sin x}{1+x^2} dx = \frac{\pi}{2e} \quad (b) \int_0^{\infty} \frac{dx}{(1+x^2)^2} = \frac{\pi}{4} \quad (c) \int_0^{\infty} \frac{x^2 dx}{(1+x^2)^2} = \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$(14) \text{ From the problem (1.e), show that: } \int_0^{\infty} \frac{x \sin x - \sin x}{x^3} \cos \frac{x}{2} dx = \frac{3\pi}{16}$$

$$(15) \text{ From the problem (3), show that: } \int_0^{\infty} \left( \frac{1-\cos x}{x} \right)^2 dx = \frac{\pi}{2}$$

**D- Partial Differential Equations****(1) Solve the following P.D. equations:**

(i)  $u_x + 3u_y - 2u = 0$

(ii)  $2u_x + 3u_y - 4u = 0$

(iii)  $u_x - u_y = 4u$

(iv)  $2u_x + u_y - 3x = 0$

(v)  $3u_x + 4u_y - 5u = 10y$

(vi)  $4u_x + 3u_y - 10u = 5$

**(2) Find the solution of each of the following P.D.E:**

(i)  $2u_x + 3u_y - u = 0, \quad u(x, 0) = 4$

(ii)  $3u_x - u_y + u = 0, \quad u(0, y) = 3e^{5y}$

(iii)  $2u_x + u_y + u = 0, \quad u(x, 0) = 4e^{-2x}$

**(3) Classify and solve the following P.D.E:**

(i)  $u_{xx} - 5u_{xy} + 6u_{yy} = 0$

(ii)  $u_{xx} - 5u_{xy} + u_{yy} = e^{2x+3y}$

(iii)  $u_{xx} - 2u_{xy} - 3u_{yy} = 0$

(iv)  $u_{xx} - 5u_{xy} + 6u_{yy} = e^{3x+y}$

(v)  $u_{xx} - 4u_{xy} + 4u_{yy} = xy^2$

(vi)  $u_{xx} - 4u_{xy} = \cos(2x + 3y)$

(vii)  $u_{xx} + 3u_{yy} = 3x + y^2$

(viii)  $u_{xx} - 4u_{xy} = \sin(4x + y)$

**(4) Solve the following P.D.E:**

(i)  $u_{xx} - u_{xy} - 2u_{yy} + 2u_x + u_y - 5u = 0$

(ii)  $u_{xx} + 3u_{xy} + 2u_{yy} + u_x - u_y + 6u = 0$

(iii)  $u_{xx} - 4u_{xy} + u_x - 4u_y - u = 0$

(iv)  $u_{xx} - 9u_{yy} - 2u_y + 4u = 0$

**(5) Solve the following wave equations:**

(i)  $4u_{xx} = u_{tt}, \quad 0 < x < 3$

(ii)  $9u_{xx} = u_{tt}, \quad 0 < x < 2$

B.C:  $u(0, t) = u(3, t) = 0$

B.C:  $u(0, t) = u(2, t) = 0$

I.C:  $u(x, 0) = 5, \quad u_t(x, 0) = x$

I.C:  $u(x, 0) = x - 1, \quad u_t(x, 0) = 4x$

(iii)  $25u_{xx} = u_{tt}, \quad 0 < x < 3$

(iv)  $4u_{xx} = 9u_{tt}, \quad 0 < x < 3$

B.C:  $u(0, t) = u(3, t) = 0$

B.C:  $u(0, t) = u(3, t) = 0$

I.C:  $u(x, 0) = x + 1, \quad u_t(x, 0) = x$

I.C:  $u(x, 0) = x, \quad u_t(x, 0) = x$